

Anti-Sulfurated Thick Film Chip Resistors

ERJ S type (Au-based inner electrode type)

ERJ S02, S03, S06, S08, S14 series

ERJ S12, S1D, S1T series

ERJ U type (Ag-Pd-based inner electrode type)

ERJ U0X, U01, U02, U03, U06, U08, U14 series

ERJ U12, U1D, U1T, U6S, U6Q series

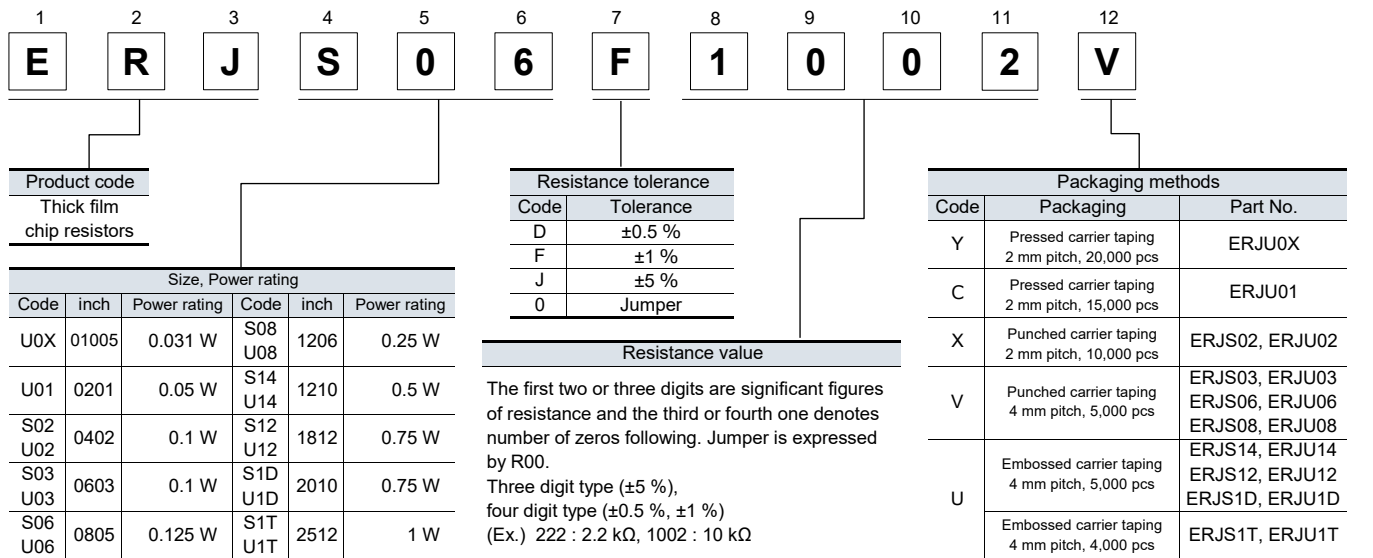
Features

- High resistance to sulfurization achieved by adopting an Au-based inner electrode (Series ERJS) and Ag-Pd-based inner electrode (Series ERJU)
- High reliability : Metal glaze thick film resistive element and three layers of electrodes
- Suitable for both reflow and flow soldering
- Low resistance type : ERJU6S, U6Q series : 0.1 Ω to 1 Ω
- Reference standard : IEC 60115-8, JIS C 5201-8, JEITA RC-2134C
- AEC-Q200 compliant (except ERJU0X, ERJU01)
- RoHS compliant

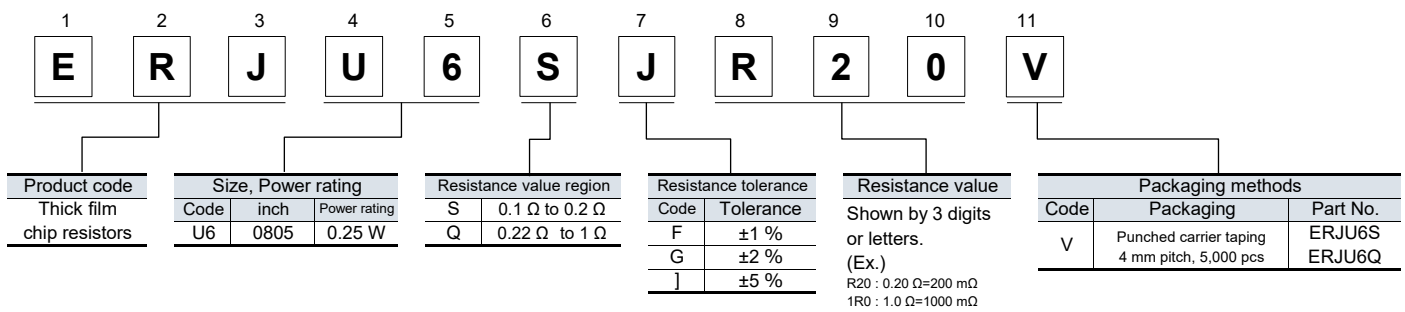
■ As for packaging methods, land pattern, soldering conditions and safety precautions, please see data files.

Explanation of part numbers

- ERJS02 to ERJS1T, ERJU0X to ERJU1T series



- ERJU6S, U6Q series



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Ratings

Part No. (inch size)	Power rating ^{*1} (70 °C)(W)	Limiting element voltage ^{*2} (V)	Maximum overload voltage ^{*3} (V)	Resistance tolerance (%)	Resistance range (Ω)	T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁶ /K)	Category temperature range (°C)	AEC-Q200 Grade
ERJU0X (01005)	0.031	15	30	±1	10 to 1 M (E24, E96)	R<10 Ω : -100 to +600	-55 to +125	-
				±5	1 to 1 M (E24)	10 Ω ≤ R < 100 Ω : ±300		
ERJU01 (0201)	0.05	25	50	±1	10 to 1 M (E24, E96)	R<10 Ω : -100 to +600	-55 to +125	-
				±5	1 to 1 M (E24)	10 Ω ≤ R < 100 Ω : ±300		
ERJS02 ERJU02 (0402)	0.1	50	100	±0.5, ±1	1 to 1 M (E24, E96)	10 Ω to 1 MΩ : ±200	-55 to +155	Grade 0
				±5	1 to 3.3 M (E24)	1 MΩ < R : -400 to +150		
ERJS03 ERJU03 (0603)	0.1	75	150	±0.5, ±1	1 to 1 M (E24, E96)	R<10 Ω : -100 to +600	-55 to +155	Grade 0
				±5	1 to 10 M (E24)			
ERJS06 ERJU06 (0805)	0.125	150	200	±0.5, ±1	1 to 1 M (E24, E96)	R<10 Ω : -100 to +600	-55 to +155	Grade 0
				±5	1 to 10 M (E24)			
ERJS08 ERJU08 (1206)	0.25	200	400	±0.5, ±1	1 to 1 M (E24, E96)	R<10 Ω : -100 to +600	-55 to +155	Grade 0
				±5	1 to 10 M (E24)			
ERJS14 ERJU14 (1210)	0.5	200	400	±0.5, ±1	1 to 1 M (E24, E96)	10 Ω to 1 MΩ : ±200 (± 5 %) : ±100 (±0.5 %, ±1 %)	-55 to +155	Grade 0
				±5	1 to 10 M (E24)			
ERJS12 ERJU12 (1812)	0.75	200	500	±0.5, ±1	1 to 1 M (E24, E96)	1 MΩ < R : -400 to +150	-55 to +155	Grade 0
				±5	1 to 10 M (E24)			
ERJS1D ERJU1D (2010)	0.75	200	500	±0.5, ±1	1 to 1 M (E24, E96)	1 MΩ < R : -400 to +150	-55 to +155	Grade 0
				±5	1 to 10 M (E24)			
ERJS1T ERJU1T (2512)	1.0	200	500	±0.5, ±1	1 to 1 M (E24, E96)	1 MΩ < R : -400 to +150	-55 to +155	Grade 0
				±5	1 to 10 M (E24)			

*1: Use it on the condition that the case temperature is below the upper category temperature.

*2: Rated Continuous Working Voltage (RCWV) shall be determined from $RCWV = \sqrt{\text{Power Rating} \times \text{Resistance Value}}$, or Limiting Element Voltage listed above, whichever less.

*3: Overload Test Voltage (OTV) shall be determined from $OTV = \text{Specified Magnification (refer to performance)} \times RCWV$ or Maximum Overload Voltage listed above, whichever less.

[Low resistance type]

Part No. (inch size)	Power rating ^{*1} (70 °C)(W)	Resistance tolerance (%)	Resistance range (Ω)	T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁶ /K)	Category temperature range (°C)	AEC-Q200 Grade
ERJU6S (0805)	0.25	±1, ±2, ±5	0.1 to 0.2 (E24)	0 to +150	-55 to +155	Grade 0
ERJU6Q (0805)			0.22 to 1 (E24)			

*1: Use it on the condition that the case temperature is below the upper category temperature.

• Rated Continuous Working Voltage (RCWV) shall be determined from $RCWV = \sqrt{\text{Power Rating} \times \text{Resistance Value}}$.

• Overload Test Voltage (OTV) shall be determined from $OTV = \text{Specified Magnification (refer to performance)} \times RCWV$.

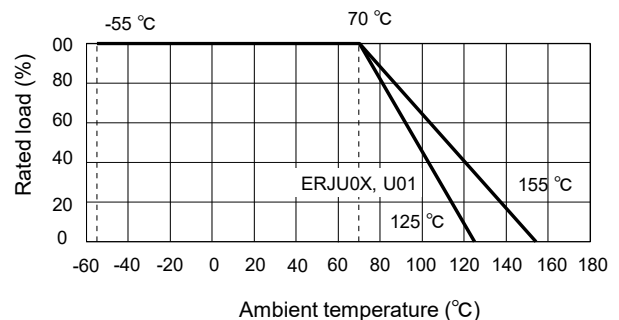
[For jumper]

Part No.	Resistance	Rated current	Maximum overload current ^{*1}
ERJU0X	100 mΩ or less	0.5 A	1 A
ERJU01			
ERJS02, ERJU02		1 A	2 A
ERJS03, ERJU03			
ERJS06, ERJU06		2 A	4 A
ERJS08, ERJU06			
ERJS14, ERJU14			
ERJS12, ERJU12			
ERJS1D, ERJU1D			
ERJS1T, ERJU1T			

*1: Overload test current

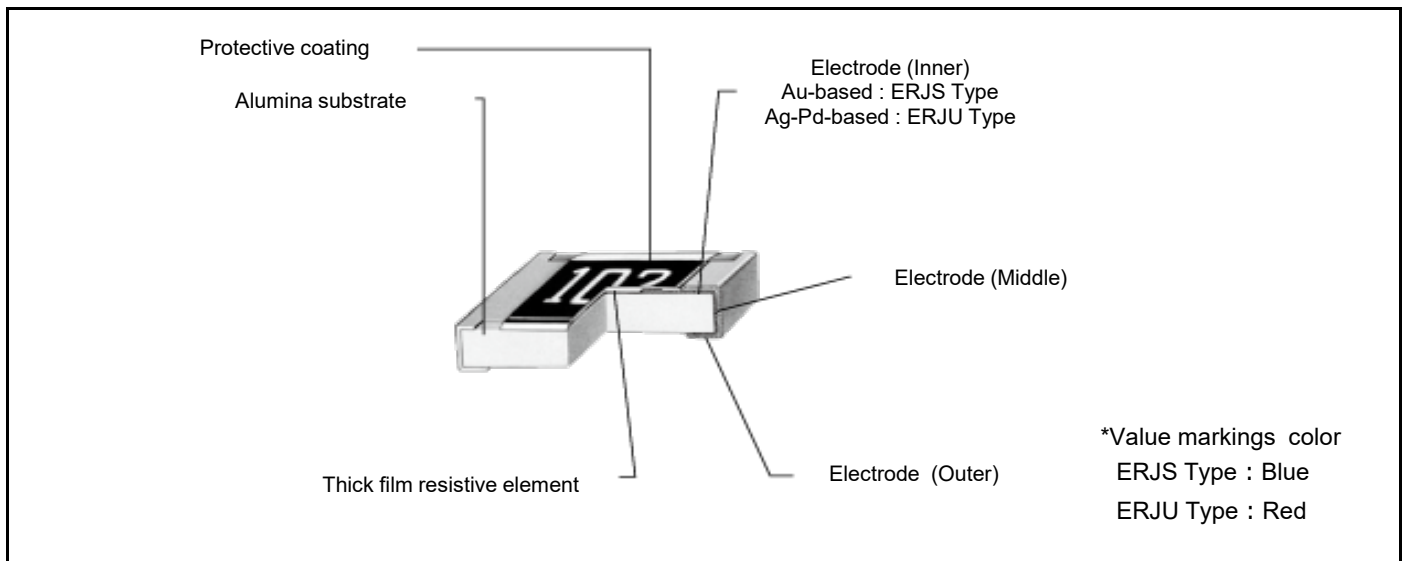
Power derating curve

For resistors operated in ambient temperatures above 70 °C, power rating shall be derated in accordance with the figure below.

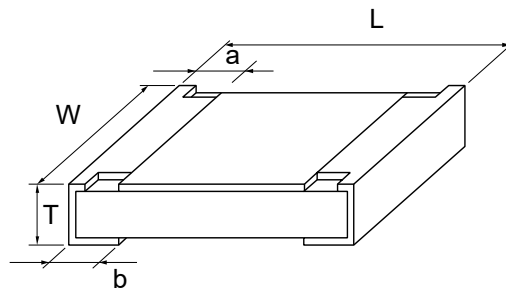


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Construction



Dimensions (not to scale)



Unit : mm

Part No.	Dimensions					Mass (Weight) (Reference) (g/1000 pcs)
	L	W	a	b	T	
ERJU0X	0.40±0.02	0.20±0.02	0.10±0.03	0.10±0.03	0.13±0.02	0.04
ERJU01	0.60±0.03	0.30±0.03	0.10±0.05	0.15±0.05	0.23±0.03	0.15
ERJS02 ERJU02	1.00±0.05	0.50±0.05	0.20±0.10	0.25±0.10	0.35±0.05	0.8
ERJS03 ERJU03	1.60±0.15	0.80+0.15/-0.05	0.30±0.20	0.30±0.15	0.45±0.10	2
ERJS06 ERJU06	2.00±0.20	1.25±0.10	0.40±0.20	0.40±0.20	0.60±0.10	4
ERJU6□	2.00±0.20	1.25±0.10	0.45±0.20	0.45±0.20	0.55±0.10	6
ERJS08 ERJU08	3.20+0.05/-0.20	1.60+0.05/-0.15	0.50±0.20	0.50±0.20	0.60±0.10	10
ERJS14 ERJU14	3.20±0.20	2.50±0.20	0.50±0.20	0.50±0.20	0.60±0.10	16
ERJS12 ERJU12	4.50±0.20	3.20±0.20	0.50±0.20	0.50±0.20	0.60±0.10	27
ERJS1D ERJU1D	5.00±0.20	2.50±0.20	0.60±0.20	0.60±0.20	0.60±0.10	27
ERJS1T ERJU1T	6.40±0.20	3.20±0.20	0.65±0.20	0.60±0.20	0.60±0.10	45

Anti-Sulfurated Thick Film Chip Resistors

Performance

● ERJS02 to ERJS1T, ERJU0X to ERJU1T series

Test item	Performance requirements ΔR		Test conditions
	Resistor type	Jumper type	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	100 m Ω or less	20 °C
T. C. R.	Within Specified T. C. R.	200 m Ω or less	+25 °C / +155 °C (ERJU0X,U01 : +25 °C / +125 °C)
Overload	± 2 %	100 m Ω or less	Rated voltage \times 2.5, 5 s Jumper type : Max. overload current, 5 s
Resistance to soldering heat	± 1 %	100 m Ω or less	270 °C, 10 s
Rapid change of temperature	± 1 %	100 m Ω or less	-55 °C (30min.)/+155 °C (ERJU0X,U01 : +125 °C) (30min.), 100 cycles
High temperature exposure	± 1 %	100 m Ω or less	+155 °C (ERJU0X,U01 : +125 °C), 1000 h
Damp heat, Steady state	± 1 %	100 m Ω or less	60 °C, 90 % to 95 %RH, 1000 h
Load life in humidity	± 3 %	100 m Ω or less	60 °C, 90 % to 95 %RH, Rated voltage (Jumper type : Rated current), 1.5 h ON / 0.5 h OFF cycle, 1000 h
Endurance at 70 °C	± 3 %	100 m Ω or less	70 °C, Rated voltage (Jumper type : Rated current), 1.5 h ON / 0.5 h OFF cycle, 1000 h

● ERJU6S, U6Q series

Test Item	Performance requirements ΔR	Test conditions
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	20 °C
T. C. R.	Within specified T. C. R.	+25 °C / +125 °C
Overload	± 1 %	Rated voltage \times 2.5, 5 s
Resistance to soldering heat	± 1 %	270 °C, 10 s
Rapid change of temperature	± 1 %	-55 °C (30 min.) / +125 °C (30min.), 100 cycles
High temperature exposure	± 1 %	+155 °C, 1000 h
Damp heat, Steady state	± 1 %	60 °C, 90 % to 95 %RH, 1000 h
Load life in humidity	± 3 %	60 °C, 90 % to 95 %RH, Rated voltage 1.5 h ON / 0.5 h OFF cycle, 1000 h
Endurance at 70 °C	± 3 %	70 °C, Rated voltage, 1.5 h ON / 0.5 h OFF cycle, 1000 h

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- The switchover date for compliance with the RoHS Directive/REACH Regulations varies depending on the part number or series of our products.
- When you use the inventory of our products for which it is unclear whether those products are compliant with the RoHS Directive/REACH Regulation, please select "Sales Inquiry" in the website inquiry form and contact us.

Please note that we do not owe any liability and responsibility if our products are used beyond the description of this catalog or without complying with precautions in this catalog.



Application Guidelines (Fixed Resistors)

1. Safety precautions

- Make sure to exchange product specifications before using this product, regardless of the intended use. The design and specifications in this catalog are subject to change without prior notice.
- Do not use the products beyond the specifications described in this catalog.
- This catalog explains the quality and performance of the products as individual components. Before use, check and evaluate their operations when installed in your products under the actual conditions for use.
- If a malfunction of this product may result in the loss of human life or other serious damage in transportation equipment (trains, automobiles, ships, etc.), signaling equipment, medical equipment, aerospace equipment, electric heating equipment, combustion and gas equipment, rotating equipment, disaster prevention and security equipment, and other equipment, ensure safety by implementing a fail-safe design with the following system.
 - * Systems equipped with a protection circuit and a protection device.
 - * Systems equipped with a redundant circuit or other system to prevent an unsafe status in the event of a single fault.
 - * Systems equipped with an arresting the spread of fire or preventing glitch.

2. Precautions for use

- These products are designed and manufactured for general and standard use in general electronic equipment (e.g. AV equipment, home electric appliances, office equipment, information and communication equipment). If the product is to be used in an application that requires special quality and reliability and where failure or malfunction of the product may directly threaten human life or cause bodily harm (e.g., aerospace equipment, transportation equipment, combustion equipment, medical equipment, disaster prevention and security equipment, safety devices, etc.), be sure to consult with our sales office in advance and exchange product specifications appropriate for the application.
- These products are not intended for use in the following special conditions. Before using the products, carefully check the effects on their quality and performance, and determine whether or not they can be used.
 1. In liquid, such as water, oil, chemicals, or organic solvent.
 2. In direct sunlight, outdoors, or in dust.
 3. In salty air or air with a high concentration of corrosive gas, such as Cl_2 , H_2S , NH_3 , SO_2 , or NO_x .
 4. Electric Static Discharge (ESD) Environment.
These components are sensitive to static electricity and can be damaged under static shock (ESD). Please take measures to avoid any of these environments.
Smaller components are more sensitive to ESD environment.
 5. Electromagnetic and Radioactive Environment.
Avoid any environment where strong electromagnetic waves and radiation exist.
 6. In an environment where these products cause dew condensation.
 7. Sealing or coating of these products or a printed circuit board on which these products are mounted, with resin or other materials.
- These products generate Joule heat when energized. Carefully position these products so that their heat will not affect the other components.
- Carefully position these products so that their temperatures will not exceed the category temperature range due to the effects of neighboring heat-generating components. Do not mount or place heat-generating components or inflammables, such as vinyl-coated wires, near these products.
- Note that non-cleaning solder, halogen-based highly active flux, or water-soluble flux may deteriorate the performance or reliability of the products.
- Carefully select a flux cleaning agent for use after soldering. An unsuitable agent may deteriorate the performance or reliability. In particular, when using water or a water-soluble cleaning agent, be careful not to leave water residues. Otherwise, the insulation performance may be deteriorated.
- Do not apply flux to these products after soldering. The activity of flux may be a cause of failures in these products.
- Refer to the recommended soldering conditions and set the soldering condition. High peak temperature or long heating time may impair the performance or the reliability of these products.
- Recommended soldering condition is for the guideline for ensuring the basic characteristics of the products, not for the stable soldering conditions. Conditions for proper soldering should be set up according to individual conditions.
- Do not reuse any products after removal from mounting boards.
- Do not drop these products. If these products are dropped, do not use them. Such products may have received mechanical or electrical damage.
- If any doubt or concern to the safety on these products arise, make sure to inform us immediately and conduct technical examinations at your side.

3. Precautions for storage

The performance of these products, including the solderability, is guaranteed for a year from the date of arrival at your company, provided that they remain packed as they were when delivered and stored at a temperature of 5 °C to 35 °C and a relative humidity of 45 % to 85 %.

Even within the above guarantee periods, do not store these products in the following conditions. Otherwise, their electrical performance and/or solderability may be deteriorated, and the packaging materials (e.g. taping materials) may be deformed or deteriorated, resulting in mounting failures.

1. In salty air or in air with a high concentration of corrosive gas, such as Cl₂, H₂S, NH₃, SO₂, or NO_x.
2. In direct sunlight.

<Package markings>

Package markings include the product number, quantity, and country of origin.

In principle, the country of origin should be indicated in English.

4. AEC-Q200 compliant

The products are tested based on all or part of the test conditions and methods defined in AEC-Q200. Please consult with Panasonic for the details of the product specification and specific evaluation test results, etc., make sure to exchange product specifications for each product when placing an order.



Application Guidelines (Surface Mount Resistors)

The following are precautions for individual products. Please also refer to the common precautions for Fixed Resistors in this catalog.

1. Take measures against mechanical stress during and after mounting of Surface Mount Resistors (hereafter called the resistors) so as not to damage their electrodes and protective coatings.
Be careful not to misplace the resistors on the land patterns. Otherwise, solder bridging may occur.
2. Keep the rated power and ambient temperature within the specified derating curve.
Some circuit boards, wiring patterns, temperatures of heat generated by adjacent components, or ambient temperatures can become factors in the rise of the temperature of the resistors, regardless of the level of power applied. Therefore, check the conditions before use and optimize them so as not to damage the boards and peripheral components.
Make sure to contact us before using the resistors under special conditions.
3. If a transient load (heavy load in a short time) like a pulse is expected to be applied, check and evaluate the operations of the resistors when installed in your products before use. Never exceed the rated power. Otherwise, the performance and/or reliability of the resistors may be impaired.
4. Transient voltage
If there is a possibility that the transient phenomenon (significantly high voltage applied in a short time) may occur or that a high voltage pulse may be applied, make sure to evaluate and check the characteristics of resistors mounted on your product rather than only depending on the calculated power limit or steady-state conditions.
5. The electrical characteristics may change when used in high-frequency circuits, so check thoroughly before use.
Such circuits change the electrical characteristics of the resistors.
6. Before using halogen-based or other high-activity flux, check the possible effects of the flux residues on the performance and reliability of the resistors.
7. When soldering with a soldering iron, never touch the resistors' bodies with the tip of the soldering iron.
When using a soldering iron with a high temperature tip, finish soldering as quickly as possible (within three seconds at 350 °C max.).
8. The connection reliability and performance may be affected if the amount of solder is too much or too little.
Check the performance and reliability of the product and use an appropriate amount of solder.
9. When the resistors' protective coatings are chipped, flawed, or removed, the characteristics of the resistors may be impaired. Take special care not to apply mechanical shock during automatic mounting or cause damage during handling of the boards with the resistors mounted.
10. Do not apply shock to the resistors or pinch them with a hard tool (e.g. pliers and tweezers). Otherwise, the resistors' protective coatings and bodies may be chipped, affecting their performance.
11. Avoid excessive bending of printed circuit boards in order to protect the resistors from abnormal stress.
12. Do not immerse the resistors in solvent for a long time.
Before using solvent, carefully check the effects of immersion.
13. Do not apply excessive tension to the terminals.